MANAGER REVIEW & ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

SMALL CAP DIVERSIFIED VALUE

MARKET COMMENTARY

In 2020, investors witnessed the devastating impact of a worldwide pandemic on the global economy. While the effect was severe, investors perceived it as a transitory event, and recognized the stimulative influence of massive monetary and fiscal intervention. These interventions helped propel the Russell 2000 Index +20% for the year. Value investors were largely left behind; however, as small growth stocks soared +35% and small value stocks returned a modest +5%. This represented small growth's largest outperformance since 1999, and if history is any guide, sets the stage for a value comeback. We had a glimpse of what that comeback might look like during the fourth quarter of 2020. Value stocks outperformed, buoyed by the economic ramifications of new COVID-19 vaccines and another round of fiscal stimulus.

In our experience, when a major asset class underperforms for as long as small cap value has, most investors are under-allocated to the asset class. Signs of this neglect include incessant rhetoric about the asset class' demise in the financial media, unusually wide valuation gaps, and the fatigue/frustration asset allocators experience when compelled to repeatedly explain why they have invested in such a lagging strategy. When the economic winds shift, however, the out-of-favor asset class can enjoy a substantial and sustained period of outperformance. Following the tech bubble, for example, the Russell 2000 Value Index nearly tripled in the ensuing seven years while the Russell 2000 Growth Index declined slightly. We have learned time and time again, that patience is rewarded for those that stay focused on fundamentals and valuation.

Despite value outperforming growth in the fourth guarter, the Russell 2000 Value continues to trade at a larger than normal discount to the Russell 2000 Growth. Financials and banks remain the portfolio's largest sector and industry weights, respectively, both in absolute terms and relative to the benchmark. Banks have been an unloved industry for years as scars from the financial crisis remain and regulatory uncertainties linger. When it appeared that the market was finally beginning to recognize the industry's strong recurring profitability and its massive de-risking efforts over the past decade, the pandemic caused investors to shun banks regardless of underlying fundamentals or valuations. Among the most important of these de-risking efforts was a substantial increase in capital held on banks' balance sheets. In addition to having excess capital, banks took large provisions throughout the year for potential credit delinquencies that may occur in the future. While these provisions hit 2020 bank earnings, the industry continued to produce compelling pre-provision income, even in the low interest rate environment. The combination of having strong balance sheets, large reserve pools, and ongoing profitability gives us confidence that banks have more than enough capacity to withstand a severe economic downturn much worse than we have experienced thus far. Yet many banks trade at single-digit multiples of normal earnings, which we see as extremely attractive in this market. Further, many banks are in a position to return considerable capital to shareholders. This would be accretive to earnings per share thereby improving valuations even more.

Calendar year 2020 was challenging in a myriad of ways. Looking through our value investor lens, the year tested our patience and conviction. We held steady in our commitment to the principles of value investing and worked as a team to ensure existing investments remained prudent and to find new ideas in an everchanging environment. We will continue to do both. Our team remains entirely intact, the firm is healthy, and we are optimistic that our clients will be rewarded by our commitment and effort. It was reassuring to observe our time-tested investing style come back into vogue during the most recent quarter and we are optimistic that this reversion could be powerful and lasting. We look forward to the new year with enthusiasm.

ATTRIBUTION - 4Q20

The Hotchkis & Wiley Small Cap Diversified Value portfolio (gross and net of management fees) outperformed the Russell 2000 Value Index in the fourth quarter of 2020 by a strong margin. The portfolio has long exhibited valuation characteristics at a discount to the Russell 2000 Value, which had been a major stylistic headwind throughout 2020 until reversing in the fourth quarter. Positive stock selection in financials was the largest contributor in the quarter, particularly the overweight and positive stock selection in banks. Positive stock selection in consumer discretionary was another meaningful contributor, along with the underweight position in real estate. Stock selection in technology and consumer staples detracted from performance, along with the underweight exposure to materials.

Over the calendar year, the strategy underperformed the Russell 2000 Value Index. The value-focused approach that helped during the fourth quarter hurt over the course of the entire year. The overweight position in energy and underweight position in healthcare were the largest detractors, along with stock selection in technology.



SMALL CAP DIVERSIFIED VALUE

Composite performance is available at www.hwcm.com, located on the strategy's Performance tab. Returns discussed can differ from actual portfolio returns due to data differences, cash flows, trading, and other activity. Portfolio characteristics and attribution based on representative Small Cap Diversified Value portfolio. Client portfolio holdings may vary due to different restrictions, cash flows, and other relevant considerations. Performance attribution is an analysis of the portfolio's return relative to a selected benchmark (interaction effect is combined with stock selection), is calculated using daily holding information and does not reflect management fees and other transaction costs and expenses. No assurance is made that holdings, or all investment decisions by H&W were or will be profitable. The value discipline used in managing accounts in the Small Cap Diversified Value strategy may prevent or limit investment in major stocks in the Russell 2000, Russell 2000 Value and Russell 2000 Growth and returns may not be correlated to the indexes.

Quarterly characteristics and portfolio holdings are available at www.hwcm.com, located on the strategy's Characteristics and Literature tabs. For a list showing every holding's contribution to the overall account's performance and portfolio activity for a given time period, please contact H&W at hotchkisandwiley@hwcm.com. Portfolio information is subject to the firm's portfolio holdings disclosure policy.

Style Risk: A value-oriented investment approach involves the risk that value stocks may remain undervalued or may not appreciate in value as anticipated. Value stocks can perform differently from the market as a whole or from other types of stocks and may be out of favor with investors and underperform growth stocks for varying periods of time. Growth investing tends to work well during speculative, momentum-driven markets, while value investing tends to work well following recessionary periods. Value stocks following a recession may start from a lower market value than growth stocks which can contribute to their outperformance. Past recessions and recoveries cannot predict future performance due to different factors and circumstances.

Market Disruption: The recent global coronavirus pandemic has caused and continues to cause disruption in the global economy, unprecedented business and travel disruption and extreme fluctuations in global capital and financial markets. H&W is unable to predict the consequences of the upheaval caused by coronavirus pandemic, which, depending on the severity and the length of the outbreak, has the potential to negatively impact the firm's investment strategies and reduce available investment opportunities.

All investments contain risk and may lose value. The commentary is for information purposes only and should not be considered as investment advice or a recommendation of any particular security, strategy or investment product. Portfolio managers' opinions and data included in this commentary are as of December 31, 2020 and are subject to change without notice. Any forecasts made cannot be guaranteed. Information obtained from independent sources is considered reliable, but H&W cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness. Certain information presented is based on proprietary or third-party estimates, which are subject to change and cannot be guaranteed. Equity securities may have greater risks and price volatility than U.S. Treasuries and bonds, where the price of these securities may decline due to various company, industry and market factors. Investing in smaller and/or newer companies involves greater risks than those associated with investing in larger companies, such as business risk, significant stock price fluctuations and illiquidity. Past performance is no guarantee of future results.

©2021 Hotchkis & Wiley. All rights reserved. Any unauthorized use or disclosure is prohibited.